

ENHANCING LUNAR ROBOTICS ROVER THROUGH DEEP LEARNING AND EDGE AI

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MLinPL Conference, 27.10.2023

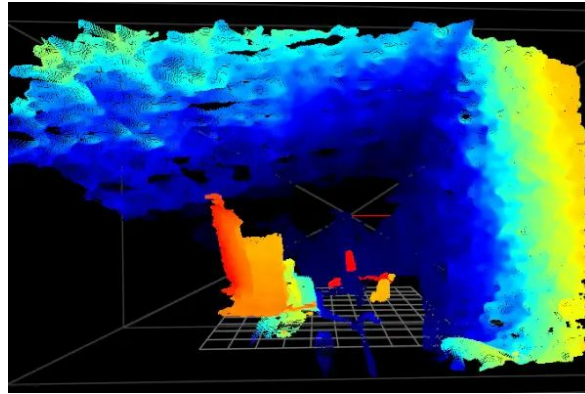
About us



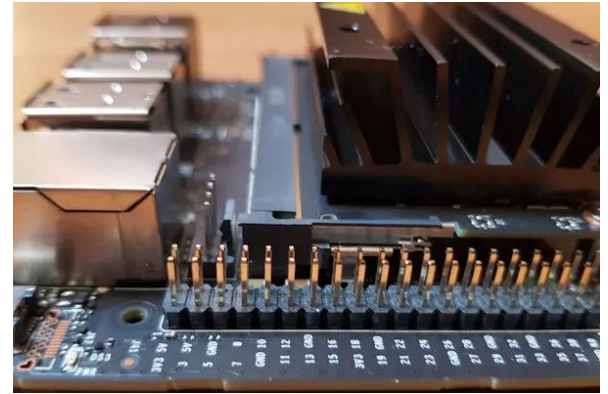
Computer Vision Laboratory Poznań University of Technology



Computer vision and signal processing



Perception beyond visible spectrum

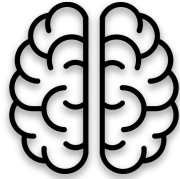


Edge AI and embedded systems

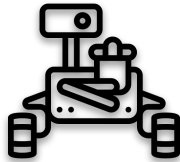
Project motivation

The growing number of lunar missions and limitations in Moon-Earth communications create the need for a DPU capable of processing at least some of the data on the lunar surface, thereby **reducing data transfer needs** to Earth and **increasing rover autonomy**.

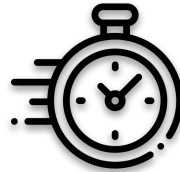
Project outline



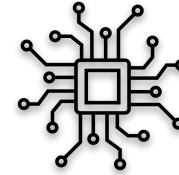
Develop a **deep learning** model for **segmenting rocks** on the **lunar surface**



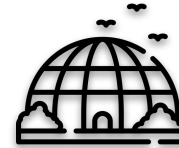
Integrate the **rover** with Edge AI device and **robotic software**



6 months



Deploy the model on **Edge AI** device with the **FPGA** accelerator



Test the system in an **analog lunar mission**

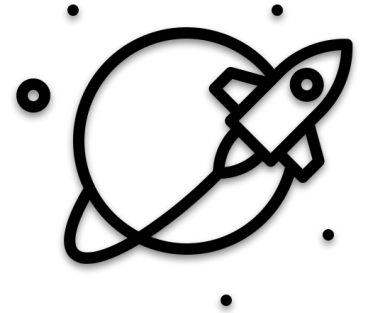
New Space paradigm

Approach:

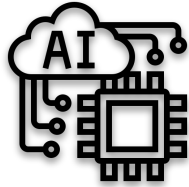
- The usage of consumer electronics instead of qualified special devices

Benefits:

- Reduced time and costs
- Rapid Innovation
- Increased Accessibility



Edge AI - features



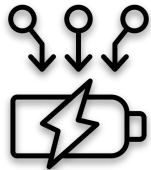
onboard processing

- no data streaming, permanent latency
- improved privacy and security



offline operation

- “order -> wait -> receive” approach
- reduced cost

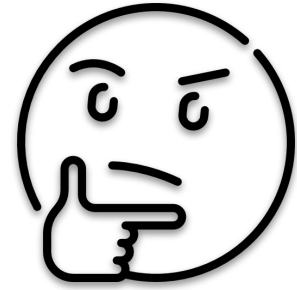


energy-efficient

- lower power consumption
- much higher FLOPS/W ratio

Edge AI - limitations

- processing power
- memory
- parallel processing
- storage
- support for deep learning layers
- weight quantisation



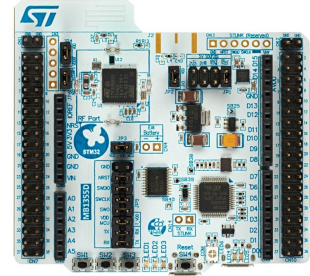
Edge AI - devices



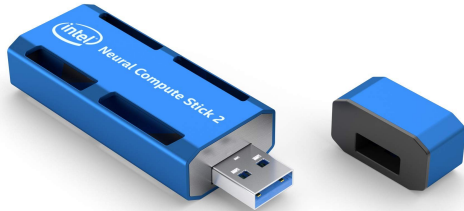
NVIDIA Jetson Family



AMD/Xilinx Versal Devboards



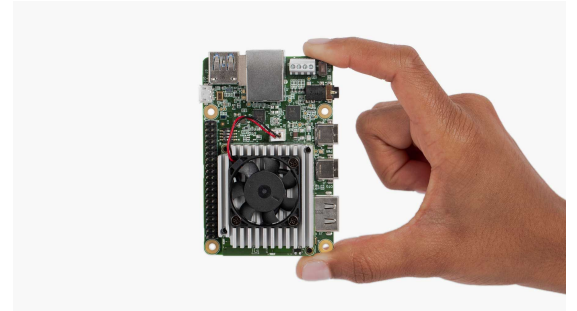
STM32 AI Devboards



Intel VPU Accelerators

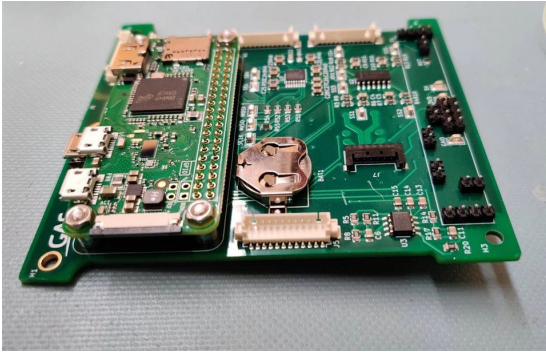


Hailo AI Accelerators

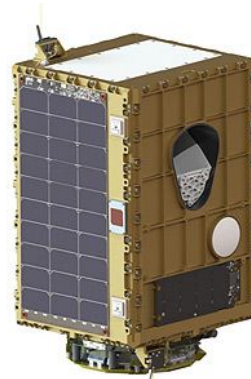


Google Coral TPU Accelerators

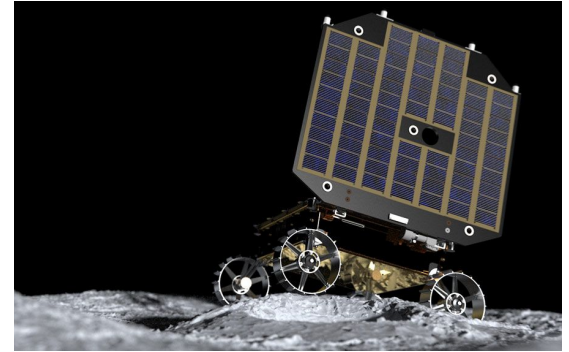
Edge AI devices in Space



Raspberry Pi Zero-based GSPACS Cubesat (launched December 2021)



Global Hyperspectral Observation Satellite constellation with Jetson AGX Xavier (3 of 6 have been launched)



MoonRanger rover with Nvidia Jetson TX2i (launch delayed to November 2023)

<https://community.element14.com/technologies/sensor-technology/b/blog/posts/world-s-first-rasOrin-AGXpberry-pi-satellite-completes-its-mission>

https://space.skyrocket.de/doc_sdat/ghost-1.htm

<https://parabolicarc.com/2022/07/14/cash-strapped-masten-space-furloughs-employees-moon-landing-mission-at-risk/>

Our robotic platform



Clearpath Husky rover



Project-modified Husky rover

Our robotic platform



Clearpath Husky rover

Project-modified Husky rover

Robot Operating System (ROS)

What is the ROS framework?

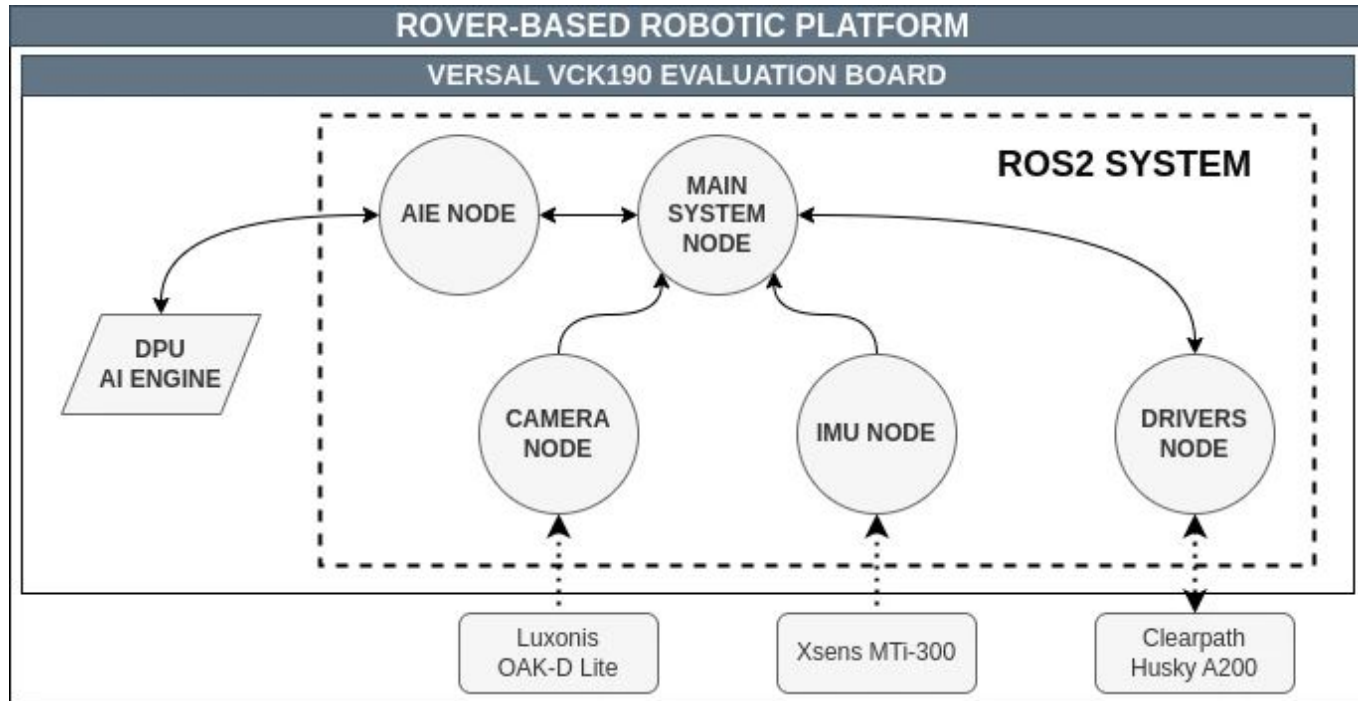
- provides a set of tools, libraries, and conventions for developing and controlling robotic systems

Why SpaceROS?

- provides software aligned with aerospace standards
- ease the adoption of the popular libraries



System scheme



AIE - Artificial Intelligence Engine

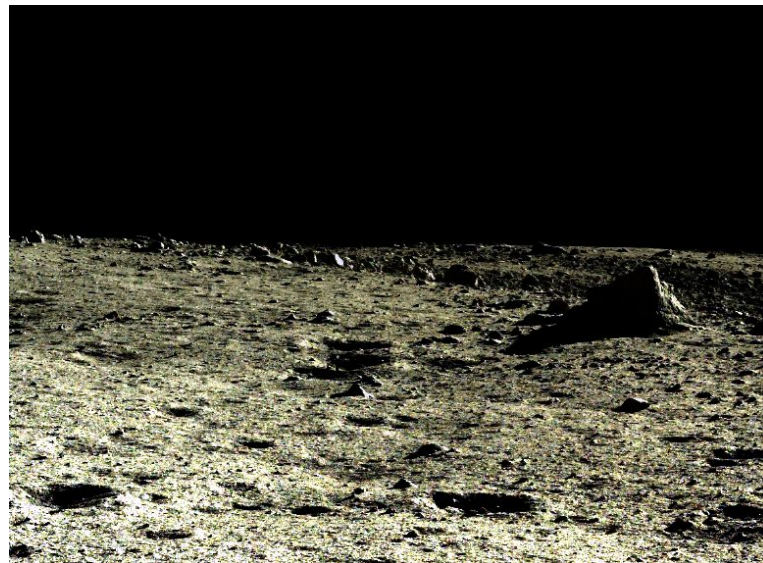
IMU - Internal Measurement Unit

ROS - Robot Operating System

Dataset - Artificial Lunar Landscape Dataset (ALLD)

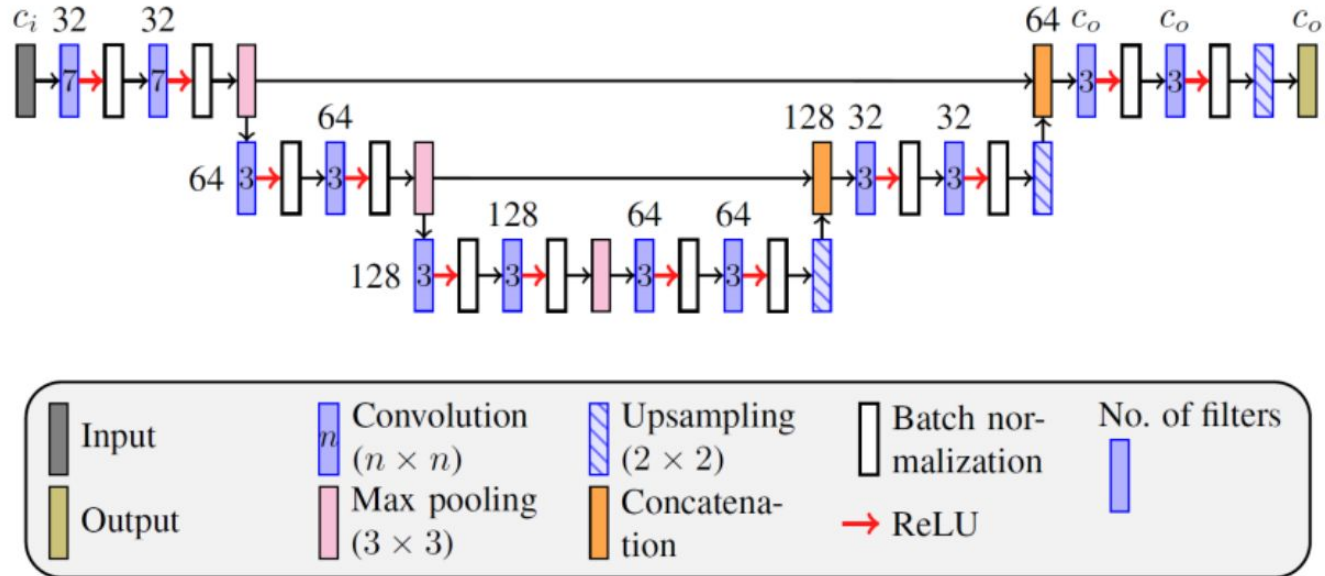


Sample image from **synthetic** part of ALLD



Sample image from **real** part of ALLD

Network architecture



“Towards robust cloud detection in satellite images using U-Nets” B. Grabowski, M. Ziaja, M. Kawulok, and J. Nalepa

Results and weights quantisation

Stage	Loss	Precision	Recall	Dice	Jaccard	Dataset
float	0.3097	0.6764	0.7552	0.6977	0.5678	ALLD
quant	0.3101	0.6929	0.7428	0.7009	0.5722	ALLD
compiled	0.3085	0.6966	0.7399	0.7017	0.5733	ALLD

float - "raw" model weights after the training process

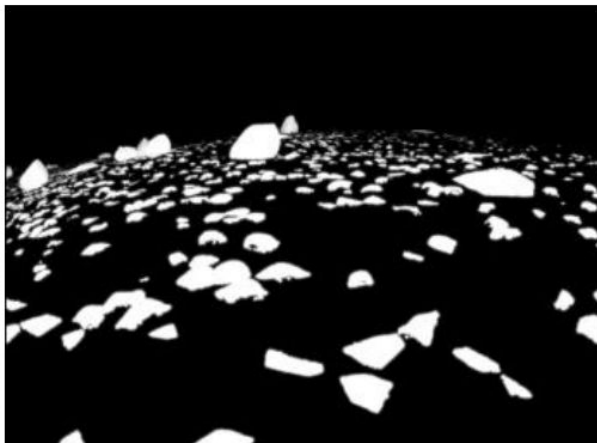
quant - weights quantised from FP16 to INT8

compiled - quantised weights compiled to the FPGA layers

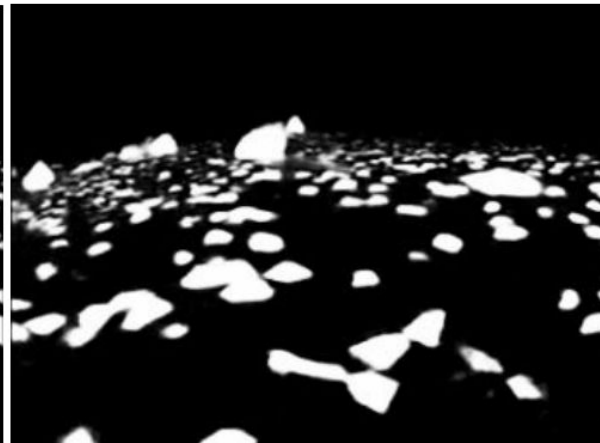
Example prediction (synthetic ALLD)



Input image

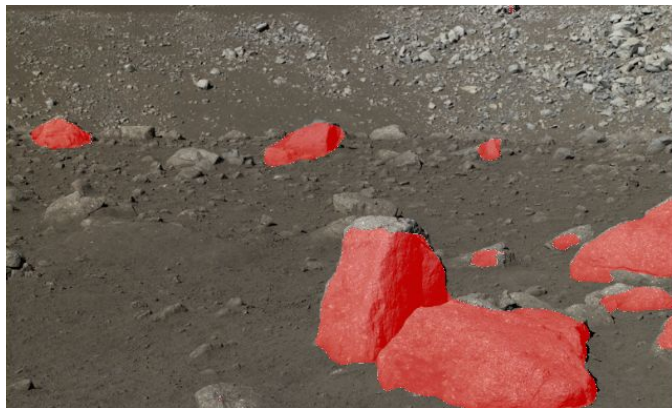


Ground-truth label



Model output

Example prediction (real ALLD)



Analogue lunar research station (Lunares)

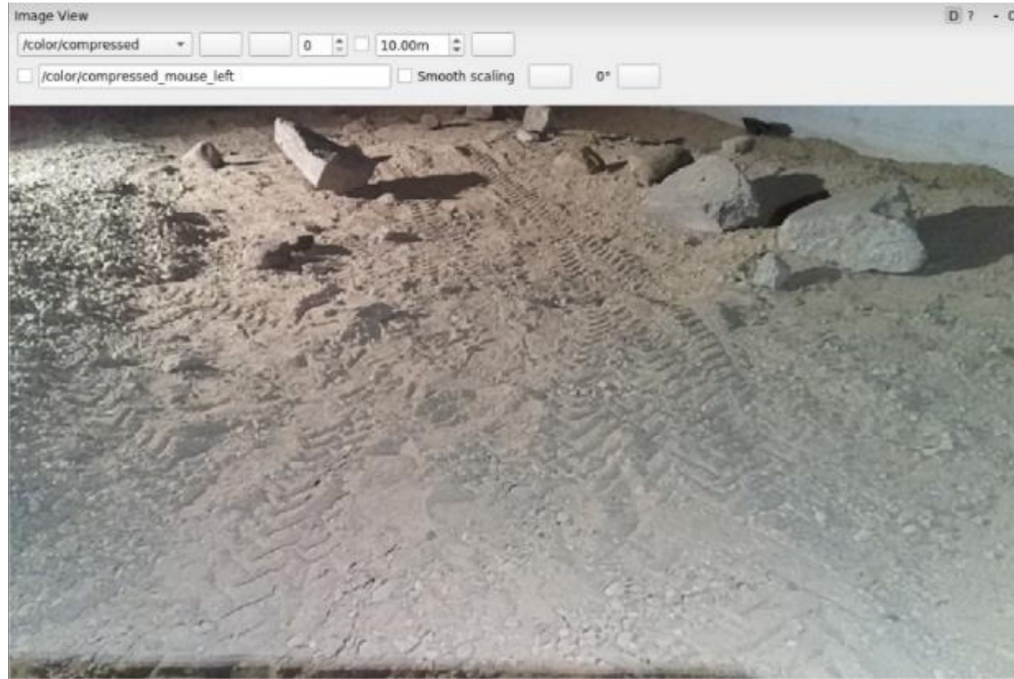


LUNARES Mobile Research Station



The rover during testing

Analogue lunar research station (Lunares)



Example frame from the camera mounted on the rover

Results and weights quantisation

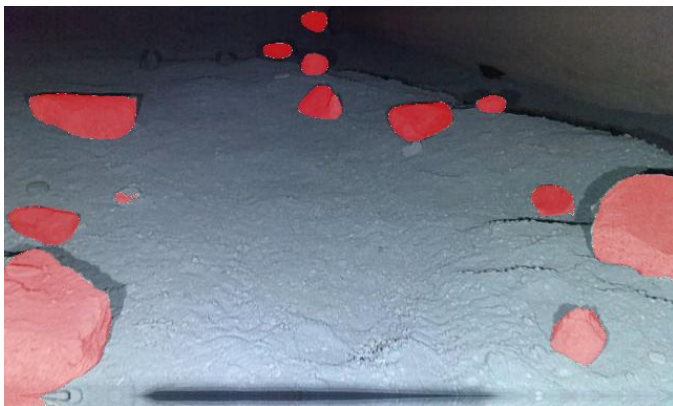
Stage	PowerJaccard	Precision	Recall	DiceCoeff	JaccardIndex	Dataset
float	0.4328	0.7932	0.6322	0.6527	0.5290	Lunares
quant	0.4449	0.7607	0.6397	0.6421	0.5160	Lunares
compiled	0.4434	0.7749	0.6339	0.6426	0.5174	Lunares

float - "raw" model weights after the training process

quant - weights quantised from FP16 to INT8

compiled - quantised weights compiled to the FPGA layers

Example prediction (Lunares)



Thank you

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“Husky rover on the Moon” by DALL·E



This work was funded by European Space Agency OSIP, PO number: 4000138073, COGNITION project.